CIVIL WAR QUIZ 1: _____________________________________________

SECTION 1: MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. ________ When did differences regarding slavery begin between the North and the South?
   A. 1776 - American Constitution
   B. 1820 - Missouri Compromise
   C. 1850 - Compromise of 1850
   D. 1857 - John Brown’s raids

2. ________ Though the Civil War was going to be a fight about slavery, what was the South’s main reason to secede?
   A. Wanted to protect rural way of life
   B. Believed State’s rights superceded Federal rights.
   C. Felt they were losing power in the Senate because of population shifts, prompting them to secede.
   D. Believed that the Industrial Revolution was a threat to their way of life.

3. ________ Which of the following statements is true?
   A. The South was becoming urbanized
   B. The South was becoming industrialized
   C. Only 1/3 of Southerners owned slaves
   D. Southern factories depended on slaves

4. ________ What line of latitude was used for the Missouri Compromise?
   A. 26º-30’N
   B. 32º-30’N
   C. 36º-30’N
   D. 40º-30’N

5. ________ What did the Missouri Compromise primarily state?
   A. Missouri was north of the compromised line, so it was given special status as a slave state.
   B. Missourians would be able to vote on whether or not to allow slavery.
   C. Missouri would be admitted as a slave state as long as Maine could be a free state.
   D. Both Missouri and Kansas would be considered “soverign states” in which they would vote yes or no for slavery.

6. ________ What state had land taken away from it from the Compromise of 1850 in exchange to have its debts paid of by the US?
   A. Arkansas
   B. Kansas
   C. Missouri
   D. Texas

7. ________ Speaking of the Compromise of 1850, where was slavery prohibited?
   A. District of Columbia
   B. Delaware
   C. Virginia
   D. Texas

8. ________ Where else was slavery prohibited because of the Compromise of 1850?
   A. Kansas
   B. Missouri
   C. Southern California
   D. Texas

9. ________ What did the Fugitive Act state?
   A. runaway slaves could be kept.
   B. runaway slaves had to be returned to their rightful masters.
   C. runaway slaves were granted freedom.
   D. runaway slaves had the right to beat their masters if they came after them.

10. ________ What political party was born in Ripon, Wisconsin, about 1850?
    A. Constitutionalists
    B. Democrats
    C. Northern Democrats
    D. Republicans.

11. ________ What is the name of a person who tries to find “middle-ground” politically?
    A. conservative
    B. extremist
    C. liberal
    D. moderate
12. ______ What did the Kansas-Nebraska Act state?
   A. they were to become free states
   B. they were to become slave states
   C. there were to choose for themselves
   D. it was to be decided by the government

13. ______ Where was the cartoon best received?
   A. North
   B. South
   C. Neither

14. ______ What kind of historical “source” is this map considered to be?
   A. Primary
   B. Secondary
   C. Neither

15. ______ What did the Fugitive Act state?
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16. ______ What controversial man was a hero in the North but a villain in the South in 1858?
   A. John Brown
   B. Stepehn Douglas
   C. Frederick Douglas
   D. Abraham Lincoln

17. ______ What raid from the above man (#16) led to the death of white slave owners?
   A. Bosporous Springs
   B. Harpers Ferry
   C. Virginia Falls
   D. Turners Falls

18. ______ What is a person called by his followers when he dies for a cause?
   A. Hero
   B. Martyr
   C. Memorandia
   D. Tyrant

19. ______ The United States does NOT elect a president based on popular vote. Each state is winner take-all, with each of the states delegates going one way or another. What is the name of this?
   A. Congressional Priviledge
   B. Electoral Collge
   C. Parliamentary Procedure
   D. Senatorial College

20. ______ How many candidates for President were there in 1860?
   A. 1
   B. 2
   C. 3
   D. 4

21. ______ How does the map of 1860 compare with the map of 2008 as far as a pattern is concerned?
   A. Totally Different
   B. Totally the Same
   C. Very Similar
   D. No correlation

22. ______ Who won the election of 1860?
   A. Bell
   B. Breckinridge
   C. Douglas
   D. Lincoln

23. ______ Southern states threatened this if Lincoln was elected.
   A. compromise
   B. division
   C. fillibustering
   D. secession
24. _____ How many southern states broke away from the Union right away, following the election?
   A. none
   B. four
   C. eight
   D. eleven

25. _____ How many additional southern states broke away after the President asked State Militias to support the war?
   A. none
   B. four
   C. eight
   D. eleven

26. _____ What was the first battle of the war?
   A. Fort Douglas
   B. Fort Saratoga
   C. Fort Sumter
   D. Fort Thomas

27. _____ What was the first flag of the Confederacy?
   A. [Flag Image]
   B. [Flag Image]
   C. [Flag Image]
   D. [Flag Image]

28. _____ What state was the first to secede the Union?
   A. Alabama
   B. South Carolina
   C. Virginia
   D. Texas

29. _____ What border state did Lincoln consider the most important to keep in the Union?
   A. Delaware
   B. Kanahwa
   C. Kentucky
   D. Maryland

30. _____ What is it called when a President assumes dictatorial powers?
   A. Constitutional
   B. Dictatorial
   C. Martial Law
   D. Powers of the Tyrant

31-50. Color the map below the following way...
   NORTH is blue
   SOUTH is gray
   BORDER is something else
KEY for Civil War Quiz I

1. A
2. B
3. C
4. C
5. A
6. D
7. A
8. C
9. B
10. D
11. D
12. C
13. A
14. A
15. B
16. A
17. B
18. B
19. B
20. D
21. C
22. D
23. D
24. C
25. B
26. C
27. C
28. B
29. D
30. C