1. _____ Where were the first shots of the war fired?
   A. Antietam  
   B. Bull Run  
   C. Shiloh  
   D. Sumter  

2. _____ The North had a plan to “starve” out the South. What was this plan called?
   A. The Anaconda Plan  
   B. The European Composition  
   C. The Scott Strategy  
   D. The Texas Stranglehold  

3. _____ The first battle ever fought between iron ships was between what two ships?
   A. The Freedom and the Homestead  
   B. The Maryland and the Virginia  
   C. The Virginia and the Monitor  
   D. The Monitor and the Orion  

4. _____ This was the first war of it’s type in the world. What type of war was it?
   A. Expansionistic  
   B. Industrial  
   C. Imperialistic  
   D. Revolutionary  

5. _____ Who won the Battle of Shiloh?
   A. Both  
   B. Neither  
   C. North  
   D. South  

6. _____ In what state was Shiloh fought?
   A. Maryland  
   B. Missouri  
   C. Tennessee  
   D. Virginia  

7. _____ The South lost one of it’s greatest generals to a wound behind his knee. Who was it?
   A. Robert Lee  
   B. Albert Johnson  
   C. Albert Sydney Johnston  
   D. McClellan  

8. _____ What Union General commanded the troops at Shiloh, giving them victory on Day 2?
   A. Grant  
   B. McClellan  
   C. Pope  
   D. Sherman  

9. _____ Union troops held a strategic area of the battleground at Shiloh, stopping the Southerners from pushing them all of the way into the river. What was it called?
   A. Bloody Lane  
   B. Hornets Nest  
   C. Peach Orchard  
   D. Sunken Road  

10. _____ What state did the Southerners retreat to after the defeat at Shiloh?
    A. Alabama  
    B. Florida  
    C. Louisiana  
    D. Mississippi  

11. _____ What was the name of the Southerner’s Battle Cry?
    A. Antebelum Chant  
    B. Dixie Celebration  
    C. Rebel Yell  

12. _____ What Union General was fired by Lincoln twice? He was fired for the final time after the Battle of Antietam.
    A. Burnside  
    B. Hooker  
    C. Grant  
    D. McClellan
14. _______ What was the name of his “campaign” to seize Richmond?
   A. Appalachian
   B. Oceanic
   C. Peninsular
   D. Pennsylvania

15. _______ The Union suffered another defeat at the same place the first major battle of the war was fought. What was the name of this Battle?
   A. 2nd Antietam
   B. 2nd Bull Run
   C. 2nd Fredricksburg
   D. 2nd Shiloh

16. _______ After Albert Johnson had kept the Northeners from advancing to Richmond, he was wounded. The South’s greatest general would take over. Who was he?
   A. Aloisius Burnside
   B. U.S. Grant
   C. Robert E. Lee
   D. James Longstreet

17. _______ Who was the President of the Confederacy?
   A. Davis
   B. Franklin
   C. Jefferson
   D. Lee

18. _______ A series of battles were fought that pushed McClellan back to Washington D.C. What were these battles collectively called?
   A. Aggression of Richmond
   B. Battles of the Peninsula
   C. Four Days Battles
   D. Seven Days Battles

19. _______ The South had won the Battle of Bull Run. Who won the 2nd Battle of Bull Run?
   A. Both
   B. Neither
   C. North
   D. South

20. _______ What battle featured the single most heavy day of casualties?
   A. Antietam
   B. Bull Run I
   C. Bull Run II
   D. Shiloh

21. _______ In what state was Antietam fought?
   A. Maryland
   B. Pennsylvania
   C. Virginia
   D. Tennessee

22. _______ Who was the Union commander in charge?
   A. Burnside
   B. Grant
   C. McClellan
   D. Pope

23. _______ What battle saw the heaviest casualties on the day that cost the combatants one casualty for every two seconds over 11 hours?
   A. Bloody Lane
   B. Hornets Nest
   C. Peach Orchard
   D. Sunken Road

24. _______ Who bragged that he had won Antietam?
   A. Burnside
   B. Lee
   C. Longstreet
   D. McClellan

25. _______ Even though the South had retreated back to Virginia, what should the battle best be described as?
   A. A Draw.
   B. Northern Victory
   C. Southern Victory
26. _______ Which of the following was NOT a result of Antietam?
A. complete victory for the North
B. a lot of dead bodies.
C. Emancipation Proclamation
D. withholding of English and French support for the South.

27. _______ What did the Emancipation Proclamation state?
A. All slaves in states fighting the Union were to be freed.
B. All slaves were to be freed.
C. Slaves in Union states were to be freed.
D. Blacks were equal to whites in all phases of life.

28. _______ Who issued the Emancipation Proclamation?
A. Davis
B. Lee
C. Lincoln
D. McClellan

29. _______ Many Northerners were upset because it changed the war from this to freeing slaves, which they weren’t that excited about.
A. conquering the South
B. maintaining federal rights
C. maintaining the Union
D. maintaining individual freedoms

36. _______ What is this document?
A. Declaration of Independence
B. Emancipation Proclamation
C. Gettysburg Address
D. Federalist Papers

37. _______ What battle is depicted below?
A. Antietam
B. Bull Run I
C. Bull Run II
D. Shiloh

38. _______ What battle is depicted below?
A. Antietam
B. Bull Run I
C. Bull Run II
D. Shiloh
41. _______ Lee had a bold plan to win the Civil War once and for all. What was his strategy?
   A. Drive straight to Washington
   B. Fish hook around the north
   C. Fish hook around the south
   D. Siege strategy on Baltimore

42. _______ What Wisconsinite engaged Confederates on the first day of the Battle of Gettysburg?
   A. Neville Chamberlain
   B. Rufus Dawes
   C. Dylan Fiertag

43. _______ What Union general was appointed by Lincoln to lead just three days before the Battle?
   A. Burnside
   B. McClellan
   C. Meade
   D. Tinsdale

44. _______ The Union wanted to avenge their worst defeat of the war. What battle was that?
   A. Antietam
   B. Chancerlorsville
   C. Fredricksburg
   D. Seven Pines

45. _______ Day two in Gettysburg saw some of the worst fighting of the war. Below are three battles that happened at Gettysburg. One doesn’t belong. What doesn’t belong?
   A. Bloody Lane
   B. Little Round Top
   C. Peach Orchard
   D. Wheatfield

46. _______ Who won the Battle of Gettysburg?
   A. North
   B. South
   C. It was a draw

47. _______ The siege of this city on the Mississippi River cut the Confederacy into two halves once it fell to Union forces. What battle was it?
   A. Antietam
   B. 2nd Bull Run
   C. Shiloh
   D. Vicksburg

48. _______ Where did the forces of Robert E. Lee surrender, effectively ending the Civil War?
   A. Antietam
   B. Appomatix
   C. Vicksburg
   D. Yorktown

49. _______ What American president was killed shortly after the war ended?
   A. Grant
   B. Johnson
   C. Lincoln
   D. Wilson

50. _______ Who won the Civil War?
   A. Confederacy
   B. English
   C. Federal
   D. Neither

51. _______ Who is pictured below?
   A. Grant
   B. Lee
   C. McClellan
   D. Jackson